

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of homogenization of a pressurised liqueform emulsion, in which the liquid is caused to pass at least two concentrically placed homogenization gaps (12, 13), characterized in that the liquid, when passing out from one of the homogenization gaps (12) at high speed and in a restricted space, meets the liquid out from one or more of the other homogenization gaps (13).

10 2. The method as claimed in Claim 1, characterized in that the homogenization gaps (12, 13) are created in the space between two narrow surfaces (10, 11) on a valve seat (2), and two narrow surfaces (14, 15) on a valve cone (1).

15 3. The method as claimed in Claim 2, characterized in that the liquid is led into the homogenization gaps (12, 13) through a central throughflow channel (4) and a concentric throughflow channel (5) which are provided in the valve seat (2).

20 4. The method as claimed in Claim 2, characterized in that the liquid
departs from the homogenization gaps (12, 13) via a throughflow channel (3)
provided in the valve cone (1).